

ninjastorms

Episode II

Was hatten wir vor?

- **Ziel:** eigenen präemptiven RT-Scheduler bauen und RT-Demo vorführen
- **Aufgaben:**
 - Task-Konzept einführen
 - Zustand eines Tasks speichern/wiederherstellen
 - Rudimentäres Memory Management
 - Debugging mittel Emulation (qemu)
 - Timer-Interrupts zur Präemption
 - Interrupt Service Routine
 - Scheduling-Algorithmus

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 - Scheduling-Algorithmus

Check!

Real-Time Demo™

Scheduler: API

```
49 int ev3ninja_main (void)
50 {
54   add_task(&controller_task);
55   start_scheduler();
```

```
10 void func_task_a(void) {
11   while(1) {
12     control_motor();
13   }
14 }
```

```
15
16 void func_task_b(void) {
17   while(1) {
18     lightshow();
19   }
20 }
```

```
21
22 void controller_task(void) {
23   ...
47 }
```

```
add_task(func_task_a);
[...];
add_task(func_task_b);
```

Scheduler: Funktionsweise (1)

Hinzufügen von Tasks:

- `add_task()` weist `STACK_BASE` zu und ruft `init_task()`
- `init_task()` initialisiert `task_struct` und nullt es

```
1 typedef struct task {  
2     unsigned int reg[16];  
3     unsigned int cpsr;  
4 } task_t;
```

- `task_struct` wird in den Ringpuffer eingefügt
- `MAX_TASK_NUMBER` zurzeit 16

Scheduler: Funktionsweise (2)

Start des Schedulers:

```
122 void start_scheduler() {
123     if (!isRunning) {
124         current_task = ring_buffer_remove();
125         isRunning = 1;
126         stop_timer();
127         init_interrupt_handling();
128         init_timer();
129         load_current_task_state();
130     }
131 }
```
















Scheduler: Funktionsweise (3)

```
16 irq_handler:
17   push  {r0-r12, lr}
18
19   bl   save_current_task_state
20   bl   schedule
21
22   // clear interrupt @ timer
23   ldr  r0, =TIMER0_INTCTLSTAT_ASM
24   mov  r1, CLEARTIMER34_ASM
25   str  r1, [r0]
26
27   // clear interrupt @ interrupt controller
28   ldr  r0, =AINTC_SECR1_ASM
29   mov  r1, T64P0_TINT34_ASM
30   str  r1, [r0]
31
32   pop  {r0-r12, lr}
33
34   b   load_current_task_state
```


Scheduler: Funktionsweise (4)

Kontextwechsel:

- Register im Memory abspeichern ohne Register zu überschreiben
 - Register pushen und anschließend in den Memory schieben
- Aber: Was ist mit **Banked Registers**?

System & User	FIQ	Supervisor	Abort	IRQ	Undefined
R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0
R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1
R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2
R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3
R4	R4	R4	R4	R4	R4
R5	R5	R5	R5	R5	R5
R6	R6	R6	R6	R6	R6
R7	R7	R7	R7	R7	R7
R8	 R8_fiq	R8	R8	R8	R8
R9	 R9_fiq	R9	R9	R9	R9
R10	 R10_fiq	R10	R10	R10	R10
R11	 R11_fiq	R11	R11	R11	R11
R12	 R12_fiq	R12	R12	R12	R12
R13	 R13_fiq	 R13_svc	 R13_abt	 R13_irq	 R13_und
R14	 R14_fiq	 R14_svc	 R14_abt	 R14_irq	 R14_und
R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)

ARM State Program Status Registers

CPSR	CPSR  SPSR_fiq	CPSR  SPSR_svc	CPSR  SPSR_abt	CPSR  SPSR_irq	CPSR  SPSR_und
------	--	--	---	--	--


 = banked register

Scheduler: Funktionsweise (4)

Kontextwechsel:

- Register im Memory abspeichern ohne Register zu überschreiben
→ Register pushen und anschließend in den Memory schieben
- Aber: Was ist mit **Banked Registers**?

```
50 // save user mode sp and lr to the struct
51 stm r0, {sp, lr}^
```



EMULATION

- **Board:** versatilepb
- **CPU:** ARM926EJ-S
- **Timer:** ARM SP804GDB
- **Int. Controller:** ARM PL190
- **GDB-Stub zum Debugging**
- **Memory beginnt bei 0x0**

Realität

- **Board:** TI omapl138
- **CPU:** ARM926EJ-S
- **Timer:** 64-Bit Timer Plus
- **Int. Controller:** AINTC
- **UART / printf-Debugging**
- **Memory beginnt bei 0xFFFF0000**

```
1 #ifdef QEMU
2 #ifndef QEMU
3 #ifdef QEMU
4 #ifndef QEMU
5 #ifdef QEMU
6 #ifndef QEMU
7 #ifdef QEMU
8 #ifndef QEMU
9 #ifdef QEMU
10 #ifndef QEMU
11 #ifdef QEMU
12 #ifndef QEMU
13 #ifdef QEMU
14 #ifndef QEMU
15 #ifdef QEMU
16 #ifndef QEMU
17 #ifdef QEMU
18 #ifndef QEMU
19 #ifdef QEMU
20 #ifndef QEMU
```

Was haben wir noch vor?

- Architektur-spezifischen Code besser kapseln (DaVinci vs. qemu)
- Dokumentation

Future Work

- Memory Management (Heap?)
- Deadlines, Prioritäten, weitere Scheduling-Algorithmen

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Episode II

Bonus-Menü

<code>load_current_task_state()</code>	8 Zeilen Code, ARM Assembly
<code>save_current_task_state()</code>	22 Zeilen Code, ARM Assembly
<code>schedule()</code>	2 Zeilen Code, C
Christians <code>.vimrc</code>	50 Zeilen

Bonus: `schedule()`

```
77 void schedule(void) {  
78     ring_buffer_insert(current_task);  
79     current_task = ring_buffer_remove();  
80 }
```


Bonus: `save_current_task_state()`

```
37 save_current_task_state:
38     // save r0-r12
39     ldr r4, =current_task // load current_task
40     ldr r0, [r4]          // dereference current_task, to get the task_struct
41     mov r2, sp            // save sp to iterate over it
42     mov r3, #13          // iteration count; r0-r12 is 13 registers, so while i<13
43 save_registers_loop:
44     ldr r1, [r2], #4      // load saved register from stack
45     str r1, [r0], #4      // save it to the struct
46     subs r3, #1          // i--
47     bne save_registers_loop
48     // save sp, lr
49     stm r0, {sp, lr}^    // save user mode sp and lr to the struct
50     // save pc
51     ldr r1, [r2]          // load saved lr from stack
52     sub r1, #4            // because lr is the old pc+4
53     str r1, [r0, #8]     // save r1 to the pc field in the task_struct
54     // save cpsr
55     mrs r1, spsr         // save cpsr of the current task (in spsr atm)
56     str r1, [r0, #12]    // r0 still points to sp, so skip sp, lr, pc (i.e. 12)
57
58     bx lr
```

Bonus: `load_current_task_state()`

```
62 load_current_task_state:
63     ldr  r4, =current_task // load current_task
64     ldr  r0, [r4]           // dereference current_task, to get the task_struct
65     ldr  r5, [r0, #64]     // load cpsr from task_struct to r5 (i.e. task_struct+64)
66     msr  spsr, r5         // copy r5 to spsr
67     add  lr, r0, #60      // load address of saved pc into lr
68     ldm  r0, {r0-r14}^    // load saved registers into user mode registers ((do not) trust the caret!)
69     ldm  lr, {pc}^       // return to loaded task and restore cpsr from spsr
```

Bonus: Christians `.vimrc`

```
1 set nocompatible          " be iMproved, required
2 filetype off              " required
3
4 set rtp+=/Users/Christian/Library/python2.7/site-packages/powerline/bindings/vim/
5
6 " Always show statusline
7 set laststatus=2
8 "
9 " " Use 256 colours (Use this setting only if your terminal supports 256
10 " colours)
11 set t_Co=256
12
13 " set the runtime path to include Vundle and initialize
14 set rtp+=~/.vim/bundle/Vundle.vim
15
16 call vundle#begin()
17
18 Plugin 'gmarik/Vundle.vim'
19
20 Plugin 'altercation/vim-colors-solarized'
21
22 " Plugin 'vim-scripts/LanguageTool'
23 " Plugin 'moll/vim-bbye'
24 " Plugin 'othree/javascript-libraries-syntax.vim'
25 " Plugin 'scrooloose/nerdtree'
26 " Plugin 'godlygeek/tabular'
27 " Plugin 'bling/vim-airline'
28 " Plugin 'tpeope/vim-fugitive'
29 " Plugin 'terryma/vim-multiple-cursors'
30 " Plugin 'mbbill/undotree'
31 " Plugin 'tpeope/vim-repeat'
32 Plugin 'powerline/powerline', {'rtp': 'powerline/bindings/vim/'}
33 " Plugin 'edkolev/tmuxline.vim'
34 " Plugin 'svermeulen/vim-easyclip'
35 " Plugin 'dhruvasagar/vim-table-mode'
36
37 call vundle#end()          " required
38
39 syntax on
40 set number
41
42
43 " colorscheme solarized
44 " set background=dark
45 " let g:solarized_termcolors = 256
46 " colorscheme solarized
47
48 filetype plugin indent on  " required
49
50 " autocmd vimenter * NERDTree
```